The other has its head, belly and wings, distinguished from the preceding one by three grey transversal stripes: and the sanguineous spot does not extend to the throat, which is white, but only to the breast. These birds inhabit the Manilla islands.

Two or three other species of turtle doves deserve to be mentioned; of which the first is the turtle dove of Surinam, mentioned by Firmin. It is about ten inches long, and builds its nest on the highest trees, and in forests the most wild and unfrequented. The female lays twice a year. Its flesh is very much esteemed in the country. Its plumage is ash-coloured and whitish under the body; its throat black, shaded with greyish stripes; the largest quill feathers of the wings are brown, and the intermediate ones cinereous. The beak of this bird is long; blue on the outside, and red within.

The small turtle dove of Queda is found at Malacca, and in the island of France. It is small, being not much larger than a sparrow, but the body is more elongated. A cinereous grey colour covers the forehead and the throat. The nape of the neck is of an earthy colour, and there are black transversal lines upon the feathers of the top part of the neck. The back, vol. vi. 2 P