rels, rats, and many others, the denomination of quadrupeds will appear to be misapplied to more than one half of these animals. In fact real quadrupeds consist only of whole and cloven-footed animals. When we descend to the digitated class, we find four-handed, or ambiguous quadrupeds, who use their fore-feet in the manner of hands, and which ought to be distinguished or separated from the rest. There are three species of whole hoofed animals, the horse, the zebra, and the ass; and, by adding the elephant, the rhinoceros, the hippopolamus, and the camel, whose feet, though terminated by nails, are solid, and only serve for the purpose of walking, we shall have seven species to which the name of quadruped perfectly applies.

There is a much greater number of clovenfooted than whole-hoofed animals. The oxen,
the sheep, the goat, the antelope, the bubalus,
the lama, the pacos, the clk, the rein-deer, the
stag, the fallow-deer, the roe-buck, &c. are all
cloven-footed, and compose all together full
forty-species. Thus, we have already fifty animals, ten whole hoofed, and forty clovenfooted, to which the name of quadruped has
been rightly applied. In the digitated mimals,
the lion, tiger, panther, leopard, lynx, cat,
wolf, fox, dog, hyæna, civet, badger, weasel,
ferret,