

find, that they must have been made up from two different animals, one of which was perhaps the true hippopotamus, and the other was assuredly the Gnou *, a quadruped, of which our naturalists begin to take notice only about the end of the eighteenth century. It is the same animal of which fabulous accounts were given by Pliny and Ælian, under the name of *catoblepas* and *catablepon* †.

The Ethiopian Boar of Agatharchides, which is 'described as having horns, is precisely the Ethiopian Boar of modern times, the enormous tusks of which deserve the name of horns nearly as much as those of the elephant ‡.

The Bubalus and Nagor are described by Pliny § ; the Gazelle by Ælian || ; the Oryx by Oppian ¶ ; the Axis, so early as the time of Ctesias ** ; and the Algazel, and Corinne, are accurately figured upon the Egyptian monuments ††.

* Antilope Gnu, Gmel.

† Pliny, Lib. viii. cap. 32. ; and Ælian, Lib. vii. cap. 5.

‡ Ælian, Anim. v. 27.

§ Pliny, lib. viii. cap. 15. ; and lib. xi. cap. 37.

|| Ælian, Anim. xiv. 14.

¶ Opp. Cyneg., ii. v. 445. et seq.

** Pliny, lib. viii. cap. 21.

†† See the great Work upon Egypt, Antiq. iv. pl. 49. ; and pl. 66.