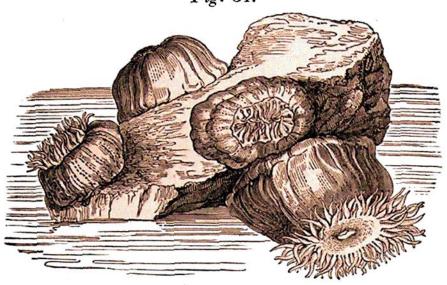
Fig. 31.



FAMILY VIII. ACTINIIDÆ.

19. Actinia, * Linnæus.

Character. Body conoid or cylindrical, adhering by a broad base: the space between the mouth and the rim of the upper disk occupied by one or more uninterrupted series of conical undivided tubular tentacula which are entirely retractile.

1. A. MESEMBRYANTHEMUM, body conoid, smooth; tentacula numerous, multiserial; margin of the oral disk ornamented with a circle of azure-blue tubercles.

Var. α. Body and tentacula of a uniform liver-brown or olivaceous colour, rarely streaked with bluish or green lines.

VIGNETTE, No. 31.

Ortie de mer, Reaumur in Mem. de l'Acad. Roy. des Scienc. 1710, pl. 10. fig. 22.—Priapus equinus, Lin. Syst. edit. 10. 656.—Hydra disciflora, tentaculis retractilibus, extimo disci margine tuberculato, Gærtner in Phil. Trans. lii. 83, pl. 1. fig. 5.—Actinia equina, Lin. Syst. 1088. Dicquemare in Phil. Trans. lxiii. 364, pl. 16, fig. 1-7.† Mull. Zool.

* From autiv, a ray.

† Dicquemare himself uses no specific names: they were applied to his figures by Dr Solander, who, it is to be presumed, was well acquainted with the Linnæan species.