DESCRIPTION OF PLATE VI.

Fig.

- 1. Branch of a Gorgonia, from the West Indies; p. 537.
- 2. Fungia actiniformis, from the South Pacific Ocean, as seen alive, and the polypes in activity; one-tenth the natural size; p. 545.
- 3. Flustra pilosa; a single cell, with the polypus protruding its tentacula; highly magnified; p. 522.
- 4. Fungia rubra, as it appears alive in the water; one-twelfth the natural size; from the Ladrone Islands; p. 545.
- 5. Branch of a Gorgonia, from the Mediterranean; p. 537.
- 6. A minute portion of a *Flustra*, highly magnified, to show the form and arrangement of the cells; p. 521.
- 7. A single detached polype of Astrea viridis, highly magnified; p. 546.
- 8. A group of living Aclinia, or sea animal-flowers; Brighton; p. 542.
- 9. Polype of a Flustra retracted within its cell; p. 521.
- 10. Three connected tubes of Sarcinula musicalis, magnified, to show the internal structure; p. 540.
- 11. Astrea viridis, represented as alive in the sea; some of the polypes are expanded, and others contracted; p. 546.
- 12. Sarcinula musicalis, or organ-pipe coral; from the shores of New South Wales, as it appears in the water, with its beautiful green 'polypes protruded; p. 540.
- Pavonia lactuca; a group of four cells, each cell containing a beautiful green polype; from the shores of the South Sea Islands; p. 546.