

longed; a name sanctioned by the illustrious Cuvier, and now familiar to most of my readers. The numerous bones and teeth subsequently exhumed from the strata of Tilgate Forest, and other localities in the Wealden of Sussex, and of the Isle of Wight; and the considerable portion of the skeleton of an individual discovered by Mr. Bensted, in the Kentish Rag, have supplied the data upon which our present knowledge of the characters of the original is based. Unfortunately, the form and structure of the cranium are unknown; and of the jaw, a fragment with merely the fangs of teeth, is the sole known relic. I regret that the limits of the present volumes will only admit of reference to the various works containing notices of the remains of the Iguanodon.

In *Wond.* p. 389—401, a brief account will be found of the character of the teeth (p. 390), of the femur, caudal vertebræ, horn, ungueal bones, &c. (Pl. III.); and of the Maidstone specimen (Pl. II.).

The "Geology of the South-east of England" contains accurate figures of the long bones of the leg (*Geol. S. E.* pl. 2.), femur, clavicles (*Geol. S. E.* pl. 4.), tympanic bone (*Geol. S. E.* pl. 2.), horn and ungueal bone (*Geol. S. E.* pl. 3.). In the "Fossils of Tilgate Forest," there are fifteen quarto plates devoted to the illustration of the bones and teeth of the Iguanodon, and other Wealden reptiles. The osteological structure is fully detailed in *Brit. Rep.* 1841, pp. 120—144. A general notice of