among the heaps of refuse thrown by, the visitor may make an interesting collection. Near this spot, a vertical shaft was sunk in the side of the hill, in search for lead ore, and at the depth of twenty fathoms, a rock of compact Trap was reached; the work was continued for a few yards deeper, but ultimately abandoned as fruitless. A gallery was subsequently driven into the side of the hill, lower down, and here, too, the trap was found; thus proving the existence of a central protrusion of igneous rock, over which the bent strata of mountain limestone are now disposed in consecutive layers. Numerous blocks of this compact trap or basalt, some of which are veined with red jasper, lie scattered about the site of the old shaft, and an interesting suite of specimens may be collected. Pursuing our way, the limestone strata are seen in openings on the hill-side, having the same remarkable arrangement as those before described.

Upon arriving where the road divides,\* we must proceed on foot and visit the quarries, and examine the exposed masses of rock, that we may clearly comprehend the structure of the mountain. We will now ascend by the pathway that leads to the summit, and on the left, several good sections of the strata are displayed. On reaching the tower on the crest of the mountain (*Lign*. 164, p. 961.), a mag-

<sup>\*</sup> The carriage should here be sent on to the village, and orders given for refreshments.