of animals without sexual intercourse, and of plants without seed—a doctrine now exploded. —See remarks on page 92, note.	Page
Eroded. ( <i>E</i> , out, and <i>rodo</i> , I gnaw;) eaten into, or eaten away. A term frequently applied to rocks which have been wasted by water,	28
Exuviæ. ( <i>Exuere</i> , to put off;) properly speaking, the transient parts of certain animals which they put off or lay down, to assume new ones, as ser- pents and caterpillars change their skins; in geology, it refers not only to the cast-off cover- ings of animals, but to fossil shells, and other re-	
mains which animals have left in the strata of the earth.—Lyell,	133
<b>FACET</b> or Facette. (French, <i>facette</i> , from face;) little face; flat surface with definite boundaries,	141
Falconer's Shipwreck, quoted,	123
Femur. Thigh bone,	81
Fern. A plant of several species, constituting the tribe or family of Filices, which have their fructification on the back of the fronds, or leaves, or in which the flowers are borne on footstalks which overtop the leaves. The stem is the common footstalk, or rather, the middle rib of the leaves, so that most ferns want the stem altogether. The ferns constitute the first order of cryptogams in the sexual system. $-Milne$ , .	169
Ferruginous. (Ferrum, iron; ferrugo, rust of iron;)	197
containing particles of iron,	187

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