RIVERS.

the whole line from Doncaster to Rotherham and Sheffield, it is marked by banks, castles, camps, and the names of fortified places. These are most extensive on the northern side, and are of such a character as belongs not at all to Roman, but rather to British work. The name of Wincobank belongs to one of the most characteristic parts. In connection with this line of defence, west of Sheffield, is an ancient road leading across the moors, in the direction of Hope and Mam Tor; at the former of which is a Roman camp, and at the latter a British fortress. The Roman station, being on the south side of the line thus traced, corresponds perhaps with the camp at Templebrough, near Rotherham, on the south side of the Wincobank works, and with Conisbrough Camp and Doncaster Camp on the south of the Dun.

The earthworks about Catterick, connected as they seem to be with old British stations at Bowes, Brough, and Kirkby Thore, seem to mark another line of defence on the north of this county; but as no such continuous works appear on the west, we may perhaps conclude that in that direction the territory was united across the Cumbrian Lakes and the plains of Lancashire. Similar lines of earthworks to those of the Dun Valley have been long known along the edge of the Cotswolds, and have given rise to much speculation. They appear to have the same general character as the earthworks on the north and south sides of the Vale of Pickering.

Doncaster, one of the prettiest towns in the north of England, and most desirable as a place of residence, is known in the Antonine Iter as Danum. It was on the line of the great Roman road from Eburacum to Lindum, and was, no doubt, a British settlement at the head of tide, as Castleford on the Aire, Tadcaster on the Wharfe, Aldborough on the Ure.

In digging the cellars of Mr. Jarratt's house in Doncaster, March 1781, was found, six feet underground, the elegant altar engraved in Gough's 'Camden,' pl. 13. f. 1, 2, 3, 4, in height about 2 feet 6 inches, inscribed to the Deæ matres by M. Nantonius Orbitalis.