neath dye the scales of the dolphin, and how every various pang calls up a various suffusion of splendor.* Even the common stickleback of our ponds and ditches can put on its colors to picture its emotions. There is, it seems, a mighty amount of ambition, and a vast deal of fighting sheerly for conquests sake, among the myriads of this pygmy little fish

• The description of Falconer must be familiar to every reader, but I cannot resist quoting it. It shows how minutely the sailor poet must have observed. Byron tells us how

"Parting day Dies like the dolphin, whom each pang imbues With a new color, as it gasps away, The last still loveliest, till — tis gone, and all is gray."

Folconer, in anticipating, reversed the simile. The huge animal, struck by the "unerring barb" of Rodmond, has been drawn on board, and

> "On deck he struggles with convulsive pain; But while his heart the fatal javelin thrills, And flitting life escapes in sanguine rills, What radiant changes strike the astonished sight! What glowing hues of mingled shade and light! Not equal beauties gild the lucid West With parting beams o'er all profusely drest; Not lovelier colors paint the vernal dawn, When Orient dews impearl the enamelled lawn; Than from his sides in bright suffusion flow, That now with gold empyreal seem to glow; Now in pellucid sapphires meet the view, And emulate the soft celestial hue; Now beam a flaming crimson on the eye, And now assume the purple's deeper dye. But here description clouds each shining ray -What terms of art can Nature's powers display ?"