densing, descended, in torrents of rain, and the plains were drowned with the volcanic mud. The inundation of the plains over an extensive radius was the immediate effect of this upheaval, and the formation of the volcanic cone of Mount Ararat, with the vast plateau on which it rests, altogether 17,323 feet above the sea, the permanent result. The event is graphically detailed in the seventh chapter of Genesis.

month, the seventeenth day of the month, the same day were all the fountains of the great deep broken up, and the windows of heaven

were opened.

12. "And the rain was upon the earth forty days and forty nights."

- 17. "And the flood was forty days upon the earth; and the waters increased, and bare up the ark, and it was lift up above the earth.
- 18. "And the waters prevailed, and were increased greatly upon the earth; and the ark went upon the face of the waters.

19. "And the waters prevailed exceedingly upon the earth; and all the high hills, that were under the whole heaven, were covered.

20. "Fifteen cubits upward did the waters prevail; and the

mountains were covered.

21. "And all flesh died that moved upon the earth, both of fowl, and of cattle, and of beast, and of every creeping thing that creepeth upon the earth, and every man:

22. "All in whose nostrils was the breath of life, of all that was

in the dry land, died.

the face of the ground, both man, and cattle, and the creeping things, and the fowl of the heaven; and they were destroyed from the earth: and Noah only remained alive, and they that were with him in the ark.

24. "And the waters prevailed upon the earth an hundred and

fifty days."

All the particulars of the Biblical narrative here recited are only to be explained by the volcanic and muddy eruption which preceded the formation of mount Ararat. The waters which produced the inundation of these countries proceeded from a volcanic eruption accompanied by enormous volumes of vapour, which in due course became condensed and descended on the earth, inundating the extensive plains which now stretch away from the foot of Ararat. The