amazes us; it even awakens our admiration and interest. Down by the sea-shore Mesozoic saurians amuse themselves in the surf. The Ich'-thy-o-saur, with thick and fish-like form and alligator head, pursues the fated fish into the deeper water, guided by a pair of enormous eyes which gather in the feeble light. The swan-like neck and head of the Ple'-si-o-saur rises above the surface, while the short, thick body is propelled beneath by a pair of long, flat, many-fingered and many-jointed paddles. There too, winds the progenitor of the sea-serpent—a real sea-serpent, whatever fable may connect itself with the modern one. This is the Mos'-a-saur, attaining sometimes a length of eighty feet. The body is covered with small, overlapping bony plates. The paddles are five-fingered and resemble those of whales.

Contemporary with the sea-saurians are those of the estuary and the river. Turtles and tortoises sun themselves on the naked slopes. Real lizards scamper over the cliffs, or skulk among the débris of the forest. But most conspicuous of all move the gigantic Deinosaurs. Some swim in the sea; some crawl on the land; some scud among the branches of the trees, and other forms standing erect, walk in reptilian majesty among their humble subjects.

Here is the Had'-ro-saur, whose province is limited to the Atlantic border. His near relative, the Ig-uan'-o-don, holds some provinces in the Old World. These are vegetable eaters. But here is their traditional enemy the carnivore. Lac'-laps disputes supremacy with the Hadrosaur, as in the Old World, Megalosaur rivals Iguan'odon. Strangest of all, for a reptilian modification, the Pter'-o-saur sails over our heads and shadows us with his broad leathery wing. The Pterosaur is a ground disputed between reptiles and birds. In aspect, bird-like, he is, however, essentially a saurian. In structure he is less bird-like than the Deinosaur.

What a range of adaptations is this; sea, river, shore, upland, forest, jungle, and atmosphere—all populated by fit modifications of a single type of vertebrates! But we stand still more amazed. Before we make our exit from this