

SECONDARY OR MESOZOIC (Continued)	Jurassic. Purbeckian. Portlandian. Kimeridgian. Corallian. Oxfordian—Oxford Clay and Kellaways rock (Callovian); Oberer (Weisser) Jura or Malm. Bathonian—Great Oolite, Forest Marble, Cornbrash, Mittlerer Jura or Dogger in part. Bajocian—Inferior Oolite Toarcian—Upper Lias. Liassian—Middle Lias. } Schwarzer Jura or Lias. Sinemurian—Lower Lias. } Hettangian—Infra-Lias, Angulatus and Planorbis zones of Lower Lias.	The Jurassic system has not yet been abundantly found in North America, but its existence is known by the discovery of characteristic fossils.	...	Upper—Mataura beds and coal seams. Middle—Putakaka beds.
	Triassic. Rhætic. Keuper. Muschelkalk. Bunter.	Trias or Jura-Trias.	...	Jurassic of Cutch, Salt Range, N.W. Himalayas.
PRIMARY OR PALÆOZOIC	Permian or Dyas. Zechstein—Magnesian Limestone, Marl-slate, Kupferschiefer. Rothliegendes—Red Sandstones, Conglomerates, Breccias.	Permian or Permo-Carboniferous.	Trias of N.W. Himalayas and Salt Range. The Gondwana system appears to represent the whole succession of deposits from early Palæozoic to Jurassic time.	Rhætic and Triassic—Otapiri beds; Wairoa beds. Oreti beds, with great conglomerate and sandstone.
	Carboniferous. Coal-Measures—Terrain Houiller, Steinkohlenformation. Millstone Grit—Flötzleerer Sandstein. Carboniferous Limestone Series—Calcaire Carbonifère, Kohlenkalk, Kulm.	Coal-Measures, Carboniferous. Sub-Carboniferous.	...	Kaihiku series—Conglomerates, sandstones, etc.

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