

are much longer than the rest, and terminate in two blind sacs, between which is situated a tortuous intestinal tube.*

at a meeting of the Royal Society. See the abstracts of the proceedings of the Society, for June, 1833.

* In both these figures, τ is the tubular tongue, projected from the mouth. In Fig. 263, ε are the six eyes, situated on the extremity which corresponds to the head; and a double longitudinal row of white tubercles is also visible, extending along the back of the animal. ε , in Fig. 264, is the entrance into a cavity, or pouch, provided for the reception of the young. See Johnson, Phil. Trans. for 1817, p. 343.