to indicate that they are entitled to that distinction;* and, by his placing the latter immediately after the Birds, this appears to be Baron Cuvier's opinion. Any one, indeed, that looks either at the common, + or the hawk's bill, turtles, t or a good figure of them, § will see in them a striking resemblance of some sea-bird, especially a penguin; the anterior elongated paddles imitating the wings, and the posterior dilated ones the webbed feet of such birds. There are other Reptiles, however, that dispute this claim with the Chelonians. Amongst the rest is a remarkable fossil genus, regarded as extinct, which Cuvier has arranged with the dragon of modern Herpetologists, under the name of Pterodactyle.|| The carpal and metacarpal bones, and the phalanges of the fourth toe of the anterior leg are excessively elongated, to which it is conjectured a membrane was attached, forming a wing for flight. M. Sömmering classes this remarkable animal with the Mammalians, supposing its affinity to be with the Cheiropterans, or Bats; and Dr. Wagler considers it as forming, with the Echidna and Ornithorhynchus, an osculant Class, which he distinguishes by the ancient name of Griffins. ¶ But the wing in its structure appears to approach nearer to that of birds, and therefore Blainville seems right in considering it as a Saurian genus leading to them.** Professor Goldfuss, in his description of a new species, ++ mentions having found upon it some impressions, looking like those of feathers; and, though he thinks it flies like a bird, seems to regard it as between

* Mac Leay, Hor. Entomol. 263. + T. Mydas.

- ‡ T. Caretta. § N. D. D'H. N. xxxiv. t. R. 8. f. i. 2.
- || Pterodactylus. Ornithocephalus. Sömm.
- ¶ Gryphi. Gray's Synops. Rept. 78.
- ** N. D. D'H. N. xxviii. 226. ..
- ++ Pt. crassirostris. Isis. Heft. v. 553.

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