liar to America. While the species of the common *Grouse* of this country is met with in no other part of the known world.

From the class of reptiles, may be mentioned the Great Saurian, or Lizard tribe. Thus the Crocodile of the Nile, is entirely different from the Cayman of America; and even from the Gavial of the Ganges. In the division of snakes, too, the Boa of India differs from the nearly allied Python of America; and of the poisonous varieties, the Rattlesnake is peculiar to America, the Cerastes to Africa, the Hooded snake to Asia. As we have already stated; the diversities among insects are still more numerous and remarkable than among the larger animals. To enter into details would be endless; we shall therefore mention only one of the best known and widest extended of all the insect tribe, viz. our common Bee. This insect did not exist in America, or in New Holland; though it is found in all parts of the old world; the wax and honey of Europe, Asia, and Africa being obtained from species having a close resemblance to each other.

Nor are these differences confined to land animals; the inhabitants of the waters are equally diversified. Thus the Whales of the northern ocean are quite unlike those of the south; as are the Seals, and other analogous animals in the polar regions. Different seas, also, not only when far apart; but even some