

that in proportion as the horns increase in growth, the cartilage of the larynx thickens, and forms a considerable prominence under the throat when the animals are advanced in years. According to Kœmpfer the *ahu* differs not in the least from the stag in its form, but that his horns appear nearer to those of the goat, which are single, black, and annulated, as far as the middle, &c. Some other authors have likewise made mention of this species of antelope under the name of *geiram* and *jarain*, which it is easy to restore, as well as that of *dsheren* to the primitive name of *tzeiran*. This antelope is common in South Tartary, in Persia, in Turkey, and is also to be met with in the East Indies.

To these four first species, or races of antelopes, may be added two other animals, which greatly resemble them; the first is called *koba* at Senegal where the French have stiled it the *great brown cow*; the second is also a native of Senegal, and is there called *kob*, but our countrymen denominate it the *small brown cow*. The horns of the *kob* greatly resemble those of the gazelle and kevel, but the shape of the head is different, the muzzle is longer, and there are no pits under the eyes. The *koba* is much larger than the *kob*; the latter is about
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