

It cannot in the least be doubted, that the *Hippotigris* was the Zebra, which, however, is only found in the southern parts of Africa *.

It would be easy to shew that almost all the more remarkable species of Apes and Monkeys have been distinctly indicated by the ancients, under the names of *Pitheci*, *Sphinxes*, *Satyri*, *Cebi*, *Cynocephali*, and *Cercopithecii* †.

They even knew, and have described several species of Glires of inconsiderable size, when these animals presented any thing remarkable in their conformation or properties ‡. But the small species are of no importance with reference to the object in view; and, it is sufficient for our purpose to have shewn, that all the large species, which possess any remarkable character, and which we know to inhabit Europe, Asia, and Africa, at the present day, were known to the ancients;

too much to the hind foot. Augustus exhibited thirty-six of them; Dion, lib. lv.

* Caracalla killed one of them in the Circus; Dion, lib. lxxvii. Consult also Gisb. Cuperi de Eleph. in nummis obviis, ex. ii. cap. vii.

† See Lichtenstein, Comment. de Simiarum quotquot veteribus innotuerunt formis. Hamburgh, 1791.

‡ The Jerboa is impressed upon the medals of Cyrene, and indicated by Aristotle under the name of *Two-legged Rat*.