

But we cannot dwell upon the history of this interesting class of organic remains, the true characters and relations of which were first scientifically considered by the distinguished French philosopher, *M. Alex. Brongniart*.^{*} Several interesting memoirs on the *Trilobites* have since been published by eminent Continental and American writers;† and much light has been thrown on the subject by the labours of Martin,‡ Parkinson,§ Stokes, Phillips,|| König,¶ Dr. Buckland,** and Mr. Murchison.†† The beautiful illustrations, and luminous description, of the *Trilobites* in Dr. Buckland's *Bridgewater Essay* (*Bd.* p. 389, and plates 45, 46.) must have rendered the intelligent reader familiar with the most important facts relating to these extinct beings. But subsequent discoveries have thrown additional light on their structure and natural affinities; and the subject has been so ably treated by Mr. W. Macleay, in an Appendix to Mr. Murchison's excellent *Memoir on Trilobites* (*Sil. Syst.* p. 667.),

* *Hist. Nat. Crust. Foss.* "Des corps organisés fossiles nommés *Trilobites*, par M. Alexandre Brongniart."

† A Monograph on the *Trilobites* of North America, by Jacob Green, M.D. Philadelphia, 1832.

‡ *Petrificata Derbiensia*.

§ *Organic Remains of a Former World*, Vol. III.

|| *Geology of Yorkshire, and Palæozoic Fossils*.

¶ *Icones Foss. Sect.*

** *Bridgewater Essay*.

†† *Silurian System*, chap. xlvii.