the plastron or sternum, of the marginal scutes, and some of the bones of the extremities, of a large marine turtle have been discovered; several specimens are figured in Foss. Til. For. pl. 6, 7. Some examples must have belonged to an individual at least three feet in length. Unfortunately, the specimens hitherto obtained are very imperfect, and do not exhibit essential distinctive characters; with the exception of the ribs, which are united to within a short distance of their distal or marginal extremities, by which the costal interspaces are reduced to much smaller dimensions than in any recent or fossil Turtles, with which I have had the means of comparing them. The fragment of a rib, imbedded in Tilgate grit, figured Lign. 146, well exhibits this character.

Fossil fresh-water Tortoises, referable to the *Emydes*, occur in the Wealden strata, and some of these belong to the fossil species described by Baron Cuvier, and obtained from the Jura limestone (*Oolite*) of Soleure (*Oss. Foss.* Tom. V.). Among these, the most remarkable are the costal plates, and other bones of a Tortoise, which, in its essential characters, is closely allied to the Trionyces;* but differs from the recent species, in having possessed

^{*} I discovered this species more than twenty-five years since, and pointed out its relation to *Trionyx* in *Foss. South* D. p. 47.