

Fig. 27

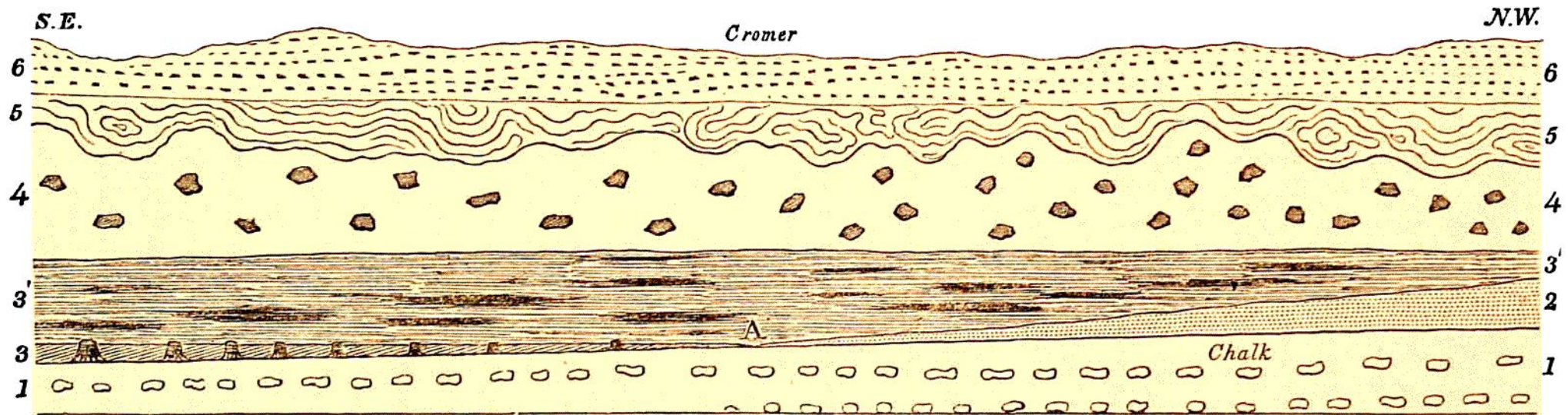


DIAGRAM TO ILLUSTRATE THE GENERAL SUCCESSION OF THE STRATA IN THE NORFOLK CLIFFS,  
EXTENDING SEVERAL MILES N.W. AND S.E. OF CROMER.

A Site of Cromer Jetty.

1 Upper chalk with flints in regular stratification.

Norwich Crag, rising from low water at Cromer, to the top of the cliffs at Weybourne, seven miles distant.

3 'Forest Bed,' with stumps of trees *in situ* and remains of *Elephas meridionalis*, *E. primigenius*, *E. antiquus*, *Rhinoceros Etruscus*, &c. This bed increases in depth and thickness eastward. No crag (No. 2) known east of Cromer Jetty.

3' Fluvio-marine series. At Cromer and eastward, with abundant lignite beds and mammalian re-

mains, and with cones of the Scotch and spruce firs and wood. At Runton, north-west of Cromer, expanding into a thick freshwater deposit, with overlying marine strata, elsewhere consisting of alternating sands and clays, tranquilly deposited, some with marine, others with freshwater shells.

4 Boulder clay of glacial period, with far transported erratics, some of them polished and scratched, twenty to eighty feet in thickness.

5 Coptorted drift.

6 Superficial gravel and sand with covering of vegetable soil.