## LECTURE VI.

## ON LIGHT,

## PART I.—REFLEXION—REFRACTION—DISPERSION— COLOUR—ABSORPTION.



N a conversation held some years ago by the author of these pages with his lamented friend, Dr Hawtrey, Head-Master and late Provost of Eton College, on the subject of

Etymology, I happened to remark that the syllable Uror Or must have had some very remote origin, having found its way into many languages, conveying the sense of something absolute, solemn, definite, fundamental, or of unknown antiquity, as in the German words Ur-alt (primeval), Ur-satz (a fundamental proposition), Ur-theil (a solemn judgment)—in the Latin Oriri (to arise), Origo (the origin), Aurora (the dawn)—in the Greek "Ogos (a boundary, a mountain, the extreme limit of our vision, whence our horizon), 'Ogdw (to see), 'Ogdos (straight, just, right), "Ogzos (an oath or solemn sanction), ' $\Omega g \alpha i$  (the seasons, the great natural divisions of time), &c. "You are right," was his reply, "it is the oldest of